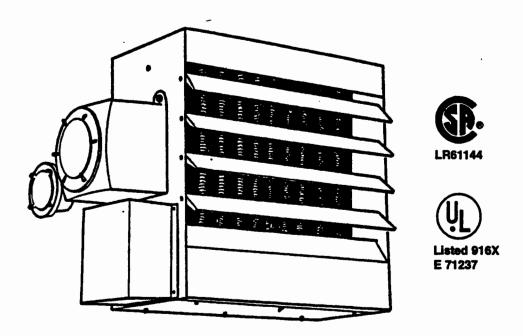
# INSTALLATION, PARTS, SERVICE & MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR HLA SERIES

**Electric Air Heaters for Hazardous Locations** 

Divisions 1 & 2 Class I, Groups C, D – Class II, Groups E, F, & G



Models covered by this manual:

HLA12 - 3, 5 and 7.5 KW HLA16 - 10 KW HLA20 - 15, 20 and 25 KW

WARNING!
READ ALL WARNINGS AND NOTICES.

### WARNING

### To prevent ignition of hazardous atmospheres adhere to the following:

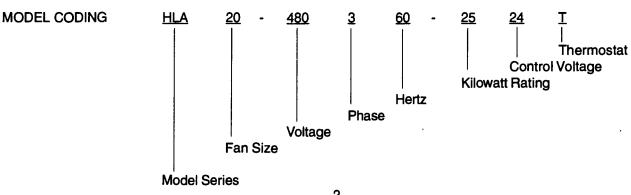
- 1. Read and follow the instructions in this manual.
- 2. The HLA Series electric unit heaters have been Listed by the Underwriters Laboratories and have a maximum operating temperature of 165°C. DO NOT install heaters where the marked operating temperature exceeds the ignition temperature of the hazardous atmosphere.
- 3. Before opening any enclosure, first disconnect the heater from the power supply.
- 4. It is absolutely essential that the high-limit thermostat provided in the heater be left in operation. Never bypass the high-limit from the contactor coil circuit. When installing an external control thermostat, connect it to the terminal block provided in the control box. Refer to 'INSTALLATION--ELECTRICAL' for more details.
- 5. Operate heater only while permanently mounted in an upright position. See 'INSTALLATION—MECHANICAL' for tilt limits.
- 6. To operate correctly, the heater must be kept clean. When operating in a dirty environment, regularly clean the finned tubes, fan and fan guard, and motor cooling fan, if provided.
- 7. If any fluid leakage occurs, withdraw the heater form service and have it repaired. See 'REPAIR AND RE PLACEMENT PROCEDURES—HEAT EXCHANGER CORE' for details.
- 8. Never operate the heater with all or any louvers fully closed. Set all louvers to similar angles to obtain required air flow direction. Stops have been provided in the cabinet side walls to limit the amount to which the louvers may be closed. DO NOT OVERRIDE THESE STOPS.
- 9. Do not Operate in atmospheres corrosive to steel and aluminum.
- 10. During installation, ensure that the 1" plastic protector cap in the control box is discarded and replaced with either an incoming conduit or the remaining 1" explosion-proof plug not being used. Do not operate the heater without proper explosion-proof plugs installed in all unused threaded openings.

# WARRANTY WILL BE VOIDED IF THESE WARNINGS ARE NOT ADHERED TO.

### INTRODUCTION

### **APPROVED SERVICE USES**

HLA Series Electric Air Heaters for Hazardous Locations are U.L. Listed for use in hazardous locations Divisions 1 and 2, Class I, Group D and Class II, Groups E, F and G. For details of the particular hazardous environments having the potential for explosion, refer to articles 500 through 516 of the National Electrical Code.



### DESCRIPTION

The HLA Series heaters use a permanently sealed, liquid-to-air finned tube heat exchanger core. This consists of a bottom tank containing three immersion type heating elements and two rows of finned heat exchanger tubes welded between the bottom tank and a top header tank. A specific mixture of ethylene glycol to water mixture is placed in the heater core to act as the heat transfer fluid. Heat is transferred to the fluid mixture by the heating elements causing vigorous convective vapor circulation and condensation within the heater core, ensuring even heat distribution. The ethylene glycol provides freeze damage protection to -49°F (-45°C). An electric motor driven fan blows air over the finned tubes to transfer heat to the air flow, thus heating the area.

Over temperature protection is effected by a manual reset capillary type high-limit rated for 6,000 cycles of reliable service, which is housed in a thermowell tube next to the heating elements. Over-pressure arising from excessive external temperature is relieved by a pressure relief valve provided in the top header tank.

The heater core assembly is contained in a sturdy steel cabinet which also carries the controls, motor and fan assembly. A narrow gap safety fan guard is provided to shield all moving parts. Adjustable louvers are provided to allow directional control of the airflow.

All electrical power is carried by copper conductor wires enclosed in rigid metal conduits. Only within the enclosures are wires exposed to permit connection to terminals.

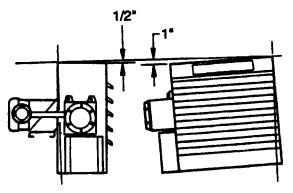
NOTE—In order to provide the highest possible outlet air temperatures, yet operate safely in hazardous atmospheres, these heaters operate in a narrow temperature band between normal operating temperature and that temperature at which the high-limit control shuts off to limit maximum temperature. It is probable therefore, that the heater will not operate continuously should ambient temperatures exceed 104°F (40°C).

### INSTALLATION

### **MECHANICAL**

The HLA Series heaters are designed for use only while permanently mounted in an upright position. The supporting assembly must ensure that the heater is installed such that it operates in an upright attitude. The maximum out of plane attitude shall not exceed the values indicated in the following sketch.

To insure proper heating of floor surfaces, observe the following recommended maximum mounting heights (to bottom of heater):



Maximum tilt angles allowed during operation (applicable front to back and side to side in either direction). Heater must be permanently mounted.

Max. Mtg. Height from Floor:

HLA<sub>12</sub> 8 ft.

<u>HLA16</u> 10 ft.

13 ft.

The heaters should be installed to allow clearances for service access and air circulation as follows:

Back

2" from motor

Front

84" HLA20, 72" HLA12 & HLA16

Right side

1"

Left side

30" from control box

Top

**Bottom** 

Cabinet height plus 6" (optional - for easier core removal)

To permit removal of the heater core assembly from a suspended heater, leave space beneath the heater at least equal the cabinet height plus 6". Installations with less than specified clearances from the heater bottom make it necessary to dismount the entire unit should core removal be required.

It is essential that the supporting assembly be of adequate strength to suspend the heaters. See "Specifications" for heater weights. Adequate stiffness should be provided to ensure that unwanted vibrations or movements of the complete system do not occur. Such vibrations or movement could be induced by electric motor start-up, or be transmitted to the heater from the structure to which it is mounted, as in mobile installations. Where heaters are installed in applications that are of a relocatable or transportable nature (such as drilling rigs) design the mounting structure to withstand all probable load conditions. Such load conditions should recognize abuse situations such as truck off-loading impacts. The heaters should be suspended from the supporting assembly by two 5/8 NC bolts fitted with lock washers.

### **ELECTRICAL**

The HLA heaters have been designed for explosion proof service, with single and three-phase inputs of 208, 240, 480 or 600 volts. They meet stringent U.L. requirements. However, it is essential that correct installation procedures be followed to eliminate all potential hazards arising from faulty installation.

### Follow these instructions:

1. Should it be deemed desirable to install a room temperature control thermostat, refer to the appropriate electrical wiring diagram and follow these steps:

Remove the jumper wire from the small terminal block marked C1 - C2 located in control enclosure. Connect the external thermostat to these terminals. The external thermostat will then be connected in series with the heater high limit and correct operation of the heater will result.

Any room thermostat used with these heaters must be of an explosion-proof type, open on temperature rise, suitable with control voltage selected.

### WARNING

It is imperative that the high-limit (in the heater core junction box enclosure) remain connected in series with the room thermostat, the secondary output of the control transformer and the contactor coil. Under no circumstances are the heaters to be operated with the high-limit disabled or disconnected.

- 2. Proper installation of the heater requires that an adequate grounding conductor be connected to the ground terminal. This terminal is marked and is located in the control enclosure.
- 3. Avoid placing conduit runs directly beneath the heater in a way that would prevent removal of the heater core assembly.
- 4. On all 3-phase heaters, it is necessary to verify that the fan is rotating in the proper direction. If air delivery is not from the front of the heater, exchange any 2 input wires at the contactor. Do not needlessly remove the electric motor conduit box cover. In the event that the motor cover is removed, ensure that it is securely tightened when replaced.
- 5. Use only an approved explosion-proof means of wiring such as mineral insulated cable or copper conductors in rigid conduit to make connections to the heater.
- 6. External electric circuit breaker protection is required. See 'TECHNICAL DATA' table and follow code recommendations. Check nameplate for voltage and amperage.
- 7. Follow all applicable electrical and building codes related to the intended use of the heater. Similarly, any National, State, or Local codes must be observed and adhered to.
- 8. When doing any work on a heater, including the initial electrical connection, disconnect the electrical current at the main switch. Where possible lock the switch in the off (open) position and/or Tag **WARNING** to prevent shock hazards.

- 9. Refer to the appropriate wiring diagram to ensure that all connections are as required and securely fastened.
- Ensure conductors are of appropriate gauge size. Size all input conductors according to accepted standards
  consistent with the temperature rating of the wire being used. Use minimum 90°C rated wire. Minimum size for
  the thermostat circuit is 16 AWG (90°C). Use only copper conductors.
- 11. Ensure that input conductors and conduiting have adequate strain relief at installation.
- 12. Confirm that the electrical power supply is compatible with the nameplate rating of the heater to be connected.
- 13. Before application of electrical power, recheck all connections to ensure compliance with the wiring diagram and any code requirements. Remove any foreign objects from the control box and reinstall cover lid tightly. Make certain that all three conduit box covers are securely in place.

### MAINTENANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

CAUTION—Before undertaking any maintenance, disconnect the heater from the electrical power source. If possible, lock the main power switch in the off (open) position and/or tag to prevent shock hazards.

### **ELECTRICAL**

Annually inspect all terminal connections, contactor and visible insulation for damage, looseness, fraying, etc. as applicable. Retighten any loose terminals and replace or repair damaged or deteriorated insulation. If contactor contacts are badly pitted, welded together, or burned, replace the contactor. Check all explosion-proof conduit for visible damage and tightness. Contact TPI for replacement parts.

If reduced heat output is suspected, verify the condition of the heating elements by using an amperage meter to check the current draw of each input line. All input lines should draw approximately equal current which should agree with nameplate rating. If they do not, one or more of the heating elements could be burned out. See 'REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES'.

The electric motor is permanently lubricated and thermally protected. Check for smooth and quiet running at all inspections. Check shaft for bearing play. Replace motor if excessive bearing play is detected. Contact TPI for replacement parts.

### **MECHANICAL**

Explosion-proof conduit boxes are designed with threaded joints and metal-to-metal contact at lid and cover joints to prevent an explosion. Do not attempt to install gasket materials of any type at these joints. A light coating of anti-seize compound is applied to the threads to prevent seizing.

Annually check the tightness of all visible bolts or nuts, in particular the support structure bolts and nuts. Similarly check the electric motor mounting bolts and nuts.

Periodically, depending on environmental service condition, check the cleanliness of motor, fan and heater core fins. Clean if required by air jet. Check louvers for tightness and equal angle settings. Check motor and fan for smooth running. Any unusual noise or vibration must be investigated and rectified.

Check the fan blade for cracks. In the unlikely event that a crack is found, the fan blade should be replaced immediately.

Should there be any evidence of fluid leakage from the heater core, the heater should be withdrawn from service and repaired immediately. The heater will not function properly and must be repaired.

### REPAIR AND REPLACE PROCEDURES

CAUTION—Before undertaking any maintenance, disconnect the heater from the electrical power source. If possible, lock the main power switch in the off (open) position and/or tag to prevent shock hazards.

Should problems arise requiring repair or replacement of any major component, the following procedures should be followed where applicable:

### **HEAT EXCHANGER CORE**

(Including HEAT TRANSFER FLUID, HEATING ELEMENTS, and PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE)

The HLA Series heater core assemblies have been deliberately designed to permit only limited field service. Repair and overhaul is intended to only be by complete replacement of the core assembly with either a new or factory reconditioned core assembly. Such new or reconditioned core assemblies will be supplied with heating elements, pressure relief valve, the correct amount of fluid, and a new high-limit. Each core assembly will have been factory assembled, inspected and electrically tested for correct heat output and proper operation of the high-limit. Because of the equipment and test procedures required to test core assemblies, it is not practical for cores to be field serviced. Incorrect field service procedures may render a heater potentially hazardous.

The only core assembly field service work sanctioned by the manufacturer is replacement of the capillary high-limit and cleaning.

### To remove the heater core from the heater cabinet proceed as follows:

- 1. First remove all threaded and screw-attached sheet metal covers from the control box side of the heater. Then remove the bottom cover.
- 2. Remove all 5 wires from within the conduit between the upper and lower boxes.
- The heater core assembly is secured by three 5/16 diameter x 1/2 capscrews; two on one side and one above
  the aluminum control box enclosure. Before removing these screws assistance will be required to support the
  weight of the core.
- 4. With a second person to support the weight of the core assembly, remove the three 5/16 diameter x 1/2 capscrews and have the helper carefully lower the heater core assembly from the cabinet.

### **HEAT TRANSFER FLUID**

The heater cores are partially filled with an ethylene gycol/water solution similar to that used in automotive applications. Oral ingestion of this solution could prove fatal since ETHYLENE GLYCOL IS POISONOUS. Should ingestion occur, seek medical attention immediately.

Field service of the core assembly with respect to refilling it with fluid is not permissible. A new or factory reconditioned core assembly must be used and shall be provided by the manufacturer or one of its agents.

### **HEATING ELEMENTS**

In the event of failure of the heating elements it will be necessary to replace the core assembly with a new or reconditioned unit.

### PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The pressure relief valve is factory installed and pressure tested. Contact the manufacturer or authorized service agent should suspected problems occur.

### **ELECTRIC MOTOR**

Remove the cover lid on the motor junction box and disconnect all the wires. Carefully loosen the union between the motor and control box enclosures. Loosen and remove the motor mounting bolts and fan guard bolts, being careful not to damage the fan blades. Note the relative axial position of the fan hub on the motor shaft and remove the fan.

To replace the motor, fan guard and tan assembly, reverse the above procedure. Position the fan on the shaft to the previously noted position. It is helpful to leave the motor bolts loose while connecting the union. The back of each fan blade should be about 3/4" from the inside of the fan guard. When everything is in place, make certain all fasteners are secure and that the conduits have at least 5 threads engaged. Manually spin the fan blade with a screwdriver before application of power to make certain it does not foul the cabinet or fan guard.

### **HIGH-LIMIT**

The high-limit is rated for operation of 6,000 cycles. Experience indicates that nuisance tripping is generally not the fault of the high-limit but is usually caused by excessive input voltage, high ambient temperatures, or an excessively dirty heater core. The high-limit is unlikely to cause any difficulty, but if it should, follow these procedures:

Gain access to the high-limit by removing the sheet metal cover from the cabinet and the threaded aluminum cover from the core junction box. Once inside, pull off the two wires attached to the high-limit. Remove the two screws that retain the capillary high-limit and withdraw it by pulling.

To replace the high-limit, reverse the above procedure. Reconnect the thermostat wires on terminals. DO NOT OMIT THIS OPERATION AND DO NOT BYPASS.

Never use any replacement high-limit other than one supplied by the manufacturer as the heaters may be rendered potentially hazardous.

### **CONTROL TRANSFORMER**

HLA heaters are provided with multi-tap primary transformers on 208, 240 and 480 volt models. If replacement is necessary, select the voltage tap compatible with the line voltage of the unit and cap off all unused taps. All 600 volt units are furnished with non selectable dedicated primaries.

NOTE: Transformer secondaries should not be sparked or shorted as they may be provided with embedded over current protection.

### CONTACTOR

A contactor should be replaced if excessive pitting or burning of the contact points is found, or if the coil has burned out. (Note—the contactor is rated for 100,000 cycles of operation at its full rated capacity).

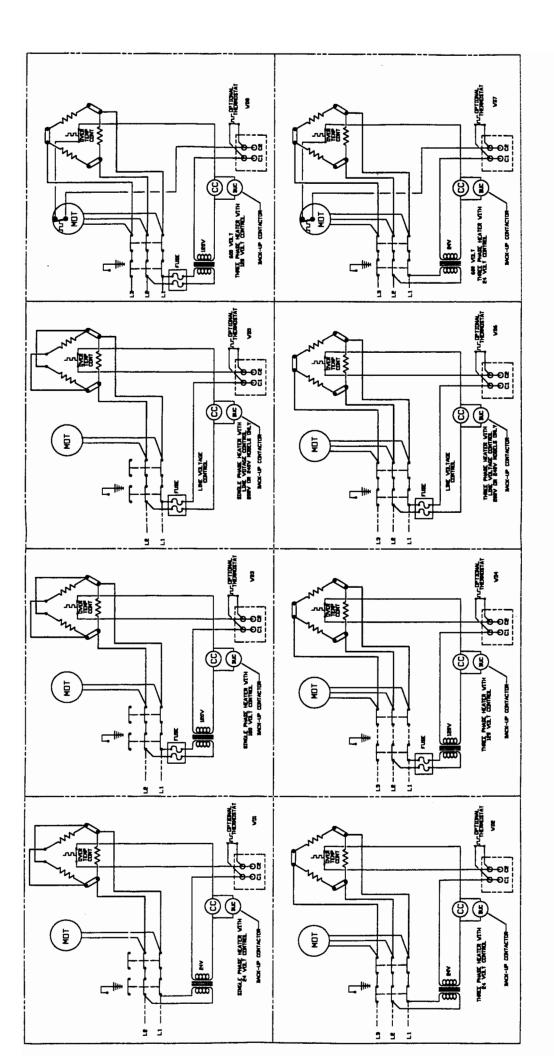
### REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES—CONTROLS

BEFORE OPENING ANY ENCLOSURE, DISCONNECT HEATER FROM POWER SUPPLY.

Remove top plate located in control enclosure, by removing three (3) No. 8 screws. One of the screws also retains the grounding lug. Associated wiring must be removed from control block, fuse block, and contactor. Remove three (3) screws that retain the contactor mounting plate. Remove contactor mounting plate, which will have two stand-off posts and contactor assembled as a unit. The contactor can be replaced if necessary, at this time.

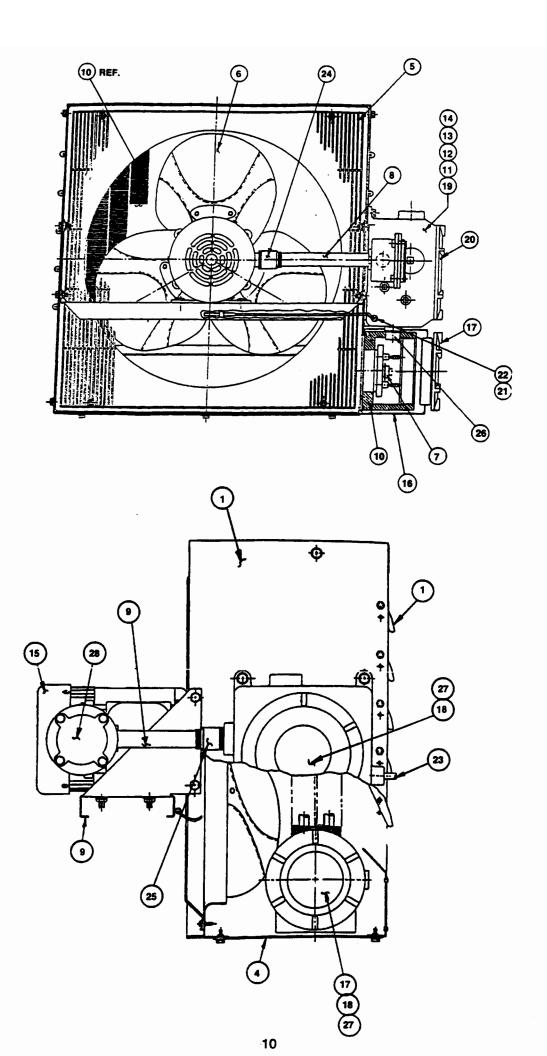
If transformer or thermostat is to be replaced, remove three (3) screws retaining the plate on which they are mounted. Both parts will be removed together. If a thermostat is provided, the operating shaft must be withdrawn through its clearance hole or shaft hub screw loosened to free assembly. Transformer can now be replaced.

To replace thermostat, loosen bulb retaining clamps, and remove capillary plug retaining ring located on outside of enclosure. Withdraw thermostat and its capillary bulb through enclosure opening. Thermostat may be replaced at this time. When reassembling thermostat, retaining rings should be firmly seated in capillary plug seal grooves on both sides of enclosure wall. Inside retaining ring should be placed on seal plug before passing capillary bulb through enclosure opening provided. To prevent any possible shorting of terminals, route thermostat capillary close to lower enclosure wall. Refer to wiring diagram covering your model. For reassembly reverse the order to above procedure.



## **RATINGS**

				Motor -		· ·		Minimum — Circult	Maximum Fuse	Supply Connections Wire Size
Model	Volts	Phase	KW	HP	Motor	Heater	Line	A Circuit	A	No. AWG
			3	1/4	1.9	14.4	16.3	20.4	25	10
HLA12	208	1	5	1/4	1.9	24.0	26.0	32.5	35	8
	<b></b>		7 1/2	1/4	1.9	36.1	38.0	47.5	50	8
			3	1/4	2.3	12.5	14.8	18.5	20	12
HLA12	240	1	5	1/4	2.3	20.8	23.1	28.9	30	10
			7 1/2	1/4	2.3	31.3	33.6	42.0	45	8
			3	1/4	1.5	8.3	9.8	12.3	15	14
HLA12	208	3	5	1/4	1.5	13.9	15.4	19.2	20	12
			7 1/2	1/4	1.5	20.8	22.3	27.9	30	10
			3	1/4	1.4	7.2	8.6	10.8	15	14
HLA12	240	3	5	1/4	1.4	12.0	13.4	16.8	20	12
	-		7 1/2	1/4	1.4	18.0	19.4	24.3	25	10
		_	3	1/4	0.7	3.6	4.3	5.4	15	14
HLA12	480	3	5	1/4	0.7	6.0	6.7	8.4	15	14
			7 1/2	1/4	0.7	9.0	9.7	12.1	15	14
			3	1/4	0.6	2.9	3.5	4.4	15	14
HLA12	600	3	5	1/4	0.6	4.8	5.4	6.8	15	14
			7 1/2	1/4	0.6	7.2	7.8	9.8	15	14
HLA16	208	3	10	1/4	1.5	27.8	29.3	36.6	40	8
HLA16	240	3	10	1/4	1.4	24.1	25.5	31.8	35	8
HLA16	480	3	10	1/4	0.7	12.0	12.7	15.9	20	12
HLA16	600	3	10	1/4	0.6	9.6	10.2	12.8	15	14
HLA16	240	1	10	1/4	2.3	41.7	44.0	55.0	60	6
HLA20	208	3	15	1/2	1.9	41.6	43.3	54.4	60	6
HLA20	240	· 3	15	1/2	2.0	36.1	38.1	47.6	50	8
			15	1/2	1.0	18.0	19.0	23.3	25	10
HLA20	480	3	20	1/2	1.0	24.1	25.1	31.3	35	8
			25	1/2	1.0	30.1	31.1	38.8	40	8
			15	1/2	0.8	14.4	15.2	19.0	20	12
HLA20	600	3	20	1/2	8.0	19.2	20.1	25.1	30	10
			25	1/2	8.0	24.1	24.9	31.1	35	8



# REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST HLA

ITEM	QTY	3, 5, 7.5 KW	10 KW	15, 20, 25 KW	DESCRIPTION
1	1	70667-001	70667-002	70667-003	Cabinet Weldment
2	3	62022-001			Louver
2	4		62022-002		Louver
2	5			62022-003	Louver
3	1	62023-001	62023-002	62023-003	Motor Support
4	1	51634-001	51634-002	51634-003	Bottom Cover
5	1	70671-001	70671-002	70671-003	Fan Guard
6	1	62003-001	62003-002	62003-003	Fan
7	1	51510-004	51510-005	51510-006	High Limit Control
8	1	52823-001	52823-002	52823-003	Conduit Motor 3/4
9	1	52823-001	52823-002	52823-004	Conduit Junction Bos 3/4
10	1	Provide Mode	Number		

Heat Exchanger Complete with relief valve, elements, fluid charge, slip-joint and element enclosure cover.

ITEM	СОМ	MON TO ALL SIZES PARTS LIST
11	58027-036	Contactor, 50 Amp 3 Pole 24V Coil
11	58027-037	Contactor, 50 Amp 3 Pole 120V Coil
11	58027-038	Contactor, 50 Amp 3 Pole 208/240V Coil
12	50704-001	Transformer 208/240/480/24V Sec
12	51512-001	Transformer 208/240/480/120V Sec
12	51704-002	Transformer 600/24V Sec
13	51511-002	Fuse Block 2 Pole
14	43810-003	Fuse 3.0 Amp Time Delay
14	43810-002	Fuse 4/10 Amp Time Delay
14	43810-001	Fuse 2/10 Amp Time Delay
15 3.5, 7.5, 10KW	62034-001	Motor, 1/4 HP 208/240/480V 1 Phase
15 3.5, 7.5, 10KW	62034-002	Motor, 1/4 HP 208/240/480V 1 Phase
15 3.5, 7.5, 10KW	62034-003	Motor, 1/4 HP 600V, 3 Phase
15 15, 20, 25KW	62034-004	Motor, 1/2 HP 208/240/480V 3 Phase
15 15, 20, 25KW	62034-005	Motor, 1/2 HP 600V, 3 Phase
16	62024-001	Element Enclosure Cover
17	62032-001	Element Enclosure )Exp. Proof) Threaded Cover
18	41352-001	Caution Plate
19	70672-003	Control Box Exp. Proof (Provisions for thermostat option)
20	62031-002	Control Box Exp. Proof Cover
21	51637-001	Thermostat (Stainless Steel Capillary)
22	43633-001	Thermostat Retaining Ring (2 Required)
23	41341-001	Thermostat Shaft Assembly
24	43758-001	3/4" Conduit Union Female (Motor)
25	43755-001	3/4" Conduit Union Male (Junction Box)
26	51638-001	3/4"Slip-Joint Fitting (Junction Box to Element Enclosure)
27	43672-001	Drive Screw # 6 x 3/16"
28	62034-000	Motor Junction Box (Exp. Proof)

### **TERMS AND WARRANTY**

### **RETURNED MERCHANDISE**

Goods may not be retuned without the company's written permission. All transportation costs for return goods must be -> paid by the customer.

### FREIGHT DAMAGE CLAIMS

Title to goods shipped passes to the consignee upon delivery by the company to the carrier. All claims for shortages or damage must be made to the carrier by the consignee. In case of concealed damage it is important that such damage be reported to the delivering carrier within one week.

# WARRANTY LIMITED WARRANTY TO OWNER TPI Corporation Effective May 1, 1977

The warranty herein set forth is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied, and shall not apply to any accessory not part of the product.

TPI Corporation, hereafter referred to as the company of Johnson City, Tennessee 37602, warrants its products to the owner against defects in material and workmanship for a (12) month period under normal use and services following date of manufacture or installation when proof of such is provided to seller.

This Warranty requires that the owner, or his agent, install the equipment in accordance with the National Electrical Code, any other applicable heating or electrical codes, and the manufacturer's installation instructions. It further requires that he perform reasonable and necessary maintenance on the unit. The company is not liable for abuse or misuse of product as may be finally determined by inspection by the company.

The obligation of the manufacturer, under the terms of this warranty, shall be to supply a new part, or the repair of defective part at the company's option with no costs to owner for the new or repaired part. Such parts are to be returned to the factory, or such other location as the company may designate at the owner's expense. This warranty does not obligate the manufacturer to bear the cost of labor in replacing any assembly, unit or component part thereof, nor does the company assume any liability for secondary charges, expenses for installing or removal, or any other consequential losses, freight or damages. The company's maximum liability shall not in any case exceed the list price for the product claimed to be defective.

### IN CASE OF PRODUCT FAILURE

It shall be the obligation of the owner to furnish to the company within the designated warranty period, the following information:

- 1. Model Number and date of manufacture of product involved.
- 2. Complete description of the problem encountered with product.

Upon receipt of the above, the company will reply to the owner within a period not to exceed fifteen (15) working days, the action to be taken by owner.

When requested, it shall be the obligation of the owner to return the defective part to the company within thirty (30) days after its removal, or otherwise to follow instructions from the company.

### HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS DEFINITIONS

- **HAZARDOUS LOCATION** Areas where the possibility of explosion or fire exists because of the presence of flammable gases, vapors, or dusts, etc.
- **DIVISION 1** Locations where the hazard is expected to be present during normal production operations, or during frequent maintenance and repair activities.
- **DIVISION 11** Locations where the hazards would only exist as a result of an accident or other abnormal event such as a rupture or spillage.
- **CLASS 1** Areas where sufficient quantities of flammable gases or vapors exist in the air to be explosive or ignitable.
- Offshore and land based drilling rigs, petroleum exploration and testing facilities.
- Petroleum refineries, gasoline storage and dispensing areas.
- Industrial firms that use flammable liquids in dip tanks for parts cleaning or other operations.
- Petrochemical companies that manufacture chemicals from gas and oil.
- Dry cleaning plants where vapors from cleaning fluids can be present.
- · Aircraft hangars and fuel servicing areas.
- Utility gas plants and operations involving storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gas or natural gas.
- GROUP C Gases or vapors with specific explosive characteristics grouped together including:

  Acetaldehyde, Allyl Alcohol, N-Butyraldehyde, Carbon Monoxide, Crontonaldehyde, Cyclopropane,
  Diethyl Ether, Djiethylamine, Epichlorohydrin, Ethylene, Ethylenimine, Hydrogen Sulfide, Morpholine,
  2-Nitropropare Tetrahydrofuran, Isoprene, or Unsymmetrical Dimethyl Hydrazine (UDMH)
- GROUP D Gases or vapors with specific explosive characteristics grouped together including:

  Acetone, Acrylonitrile, Ammonia, Amyl Acetate, Amyl Alcohol, Benzene, Blast Furnace Gas, Buta1:3 Diene, Butane, Butyl Acetate, Carbon Monazite, Cyclohexane, Decane, Ethano, Ethylene Dichloride,
  Ethel Acetate, Ethyl Alcohol, Ethyl Methyl Keytone, Ethyl Nitrite, Heptane, Hexane, Iso Butyl Alcohol,
  Isooctane, Isoprene, Methane, Methanol, Methyl Acetate, Methyl Alcohol, Naphtha, Natural Gas,
  N-Butyl Alcohol, Pentane, Propane, Propylene, Propyl Acetate, Styrene, Toluene, Vinyl Acetate, Vinyl
  Chloride, Xylene
- **CLASS II** Areas which are made hazardous by the existence of combustible dusts.
- Coal preparation plants and other carbon handling or processing areas.
- · Grain elevators, flour and feed mills.
- Plants that manufacture, use or store magnesium or aluminum powders.
- Plants that have chemical or metallurgical processes. . producers of plastics, medicines and fireworks, etc.
- Producers of starch or candies.
- Spice grinding plants, sugar plants and cocoa plants.
- **GROUP E** Powdered metals such as aluminum and magnesium, and other metal dusts with similar character istics.
- **GROUP F** Dusts such as carbon black, coke, and coal dust.
- GROUP G Dusts, including flour, starch, spices, and grain dust.

# Unit Heater Installation Instructions Pipe Mounting Kit HLPM

These instructions pertain to the mounting of HL Series electric heaters.

KIT	CON	<b>ITE</b>	NTS
1 1 1	$\sim$	<b>,,</b> ,	

<u>ITEM</u>	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	62036-001	Arm Assembly, Mtg.	1
2	51660-001	Base Assy. Mtg. Column	1
3	51664-001	Bracket, Column Stabilizer	1
4	51667-001	#414 - 3 1/2 U-Bolt	3*
5	43629-001	3/8 dia. x 2 3/4 Expansion Bolt	t 2*
6	51665-001	Angle, Stabilizer	1
7	43628-001	Package, Hardware	1

(\*Supplied with hardware item 7)

NOTE: Each kit contains one attachment assembly appropriate for the type of heater to be installed. See table below.

### 8 Attachment Assembly Part Numbers

HL12 62037-001 HLPM37 HL16 62037-002 HLPM10 HL20 62037-003 HLPM1525 NOTE: The installer must provide a suitable length of 3 1/2" nominal pipe size (4" O.D.) Schedule 40 pipe for column mounting. Alternatively, the support arm may be bolted directly to any suitable vertical surface. Refer to drawing.

The kit design allows full 360° rotation of both the arm assembly and of the heater relative to the arm. The height from the ground is adjustable.

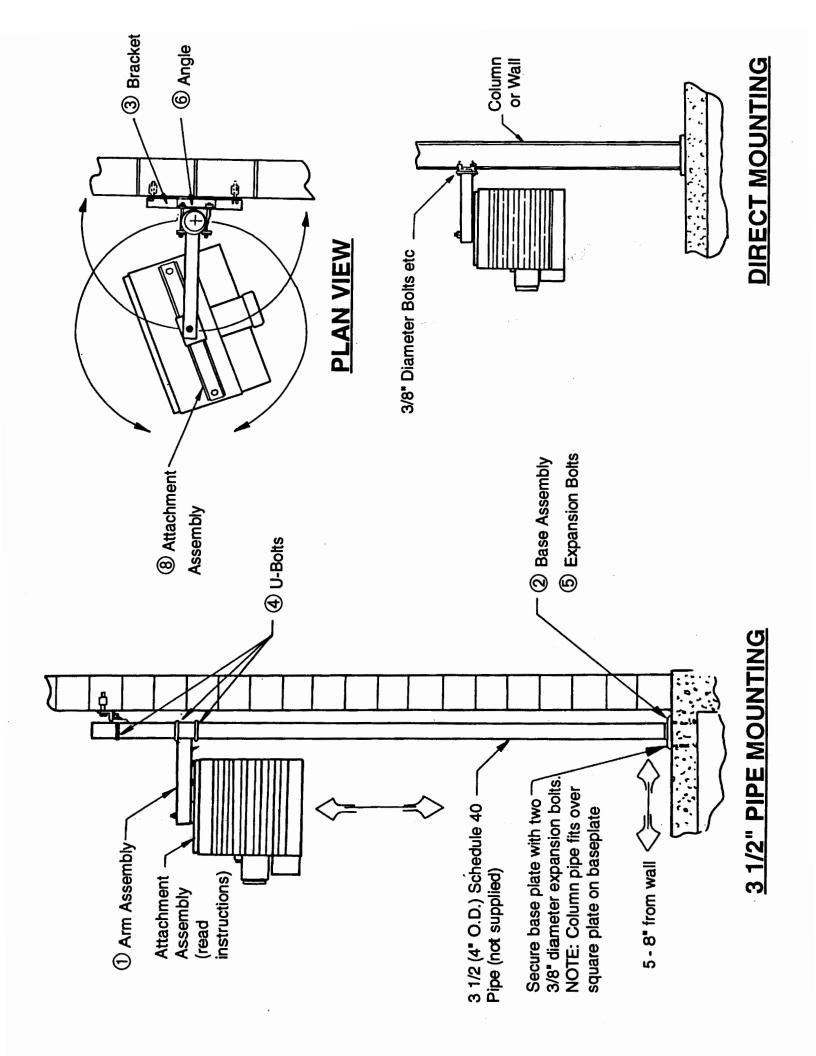
The pipe column may be adjusted from the wall within the range of 5-8".

### INSTALLATION OF ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY TO THE HEATER

The attachment assembly should be bolted to the heater using two 5/8 NC x 1 bolts. The heater is to be suspended on the 4 1/2" bolt from the arm as shown.

HL series electric heaters have two 5/8 NC threaded holes provided for installation. The attachment arm pivot is not centered and should be attached to the heater with the shorter side adjacent to the control box.

If a long pipe is used, it may be necessary to provide a stabilizer tie/strut near midpoint.



# BASIC MOUNTING KIT/WALL MOUNTING KIT INSTRUCTION SHEET

NOTE:

Check that your heater model number corresponds to the model number shown on the mounting

kit carton.

WARNING:

IF INSTALLED ON A STRUCTURE THAT IS TO BE TRANSPORTED, PROVIDE ADDITIONAL

TEMPORARY SUPPORT FOR THE HEATER DURING TRANSIT.

THE SUSPENDED WEIGHT ON THE ARM ASSEMBLY SHOULD NOT EXCEED 250 LB

(114KG.)

REFER TO HEATER INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR MOUNTING SPECIFICATIONS AND

CONDITIONS.

### **INSTALLER REQUIRED TO SUPPLY:**

A method to fasten the two Z Sections ① to the supporting wall. This kit required at least four (4) 3/8" diameter, grade 5 bolts. However, any method providing the same or greater strength may be used.

A method to fasten the ARM ASSEMBLY ② to the supporting structure. Four (4) 3/8" diameter, grade 5 bolts are suggested, however, any method providing the same or greater strength may be used.

### **CONTENTS:**

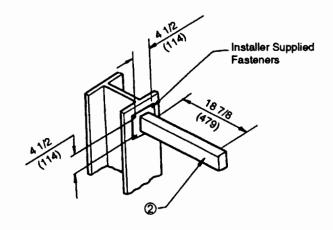
ltem	Part No.	Quantity	Description	$\bigcap$
1	51666-001	2	Z SECTION, SUPPORT	
2	62036-002	1	ARM ASSEMBLY, MOUNTING	
3	62037-001 HLA 12 62037-002 HLA 16 62037-003 HLA 20	1	ATTACHMENT, ASSEMBLY	
<b>④</b>	93480-004	4	3/8 UNC Nut	
(5)	1766	. 4	3/8 UNC x 1 Bolt	
6	43567-001	4	3/8 Lock Washer	
Ø	43566-002	2	5/8 UNC x 1 1/4 Bolt	
8	43567-002	2	5/8 Lock Washer	
9	43566-001	1	5/8 UNC x 4 1/2 Bolt	
<b>10</b>	43625-003	1	5/8 Flat Washer	

### BASIC MOUNTING KIT INSTALLATION

Note: Dimensions are in inches (mm)

### STEP 1

Fasten the ARM ASSEMBLY@to a surface or structure that will support the heater's weight using the installer supplied fastening method.

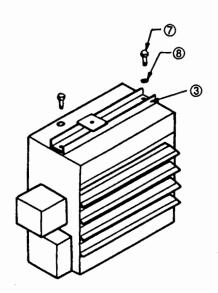


### STEP 2

Bolt ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ to the heater using 5/8 UNC x 1 1/4 bolts and lock washers.

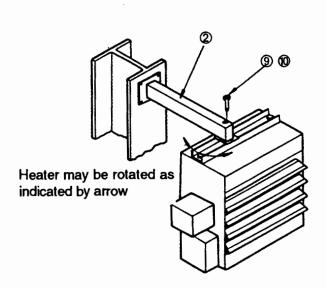
### NOTES:

 HL Series electric heaters use an ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ with an offset threaded hole. The ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ must be placed with the threaded hole closest to the control box side of heater.



### STEP 3

Lift heater into place and fasten it to the ARM ASSEMBLY ② using a 5/8 UNC x 4 1/2 bolt. This step will require more than one person due to the weight of the heater. Refer to the heater installation manual for weight.

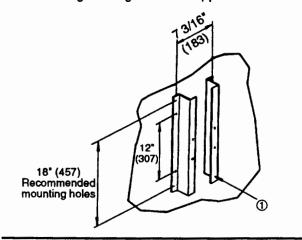


## WALL MOUNTING KIT INSTALLATION

NOTE: Dimensions are in inches (mm)

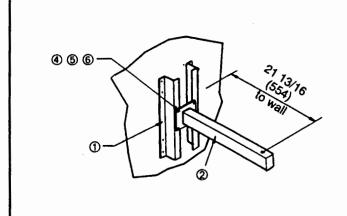
### STEP 1

Fasten the Z SECTIONS ① to a wall that will support the heater's weight using installer supplied fasteners.



### STEP 2

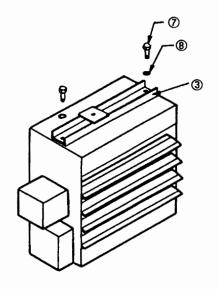
Bolt the ARM ASSEMBLY ② to the Z SECTIONS ① using 3/8 UNC x 1 bolts, lockwashers and nuts.



### STEP 3

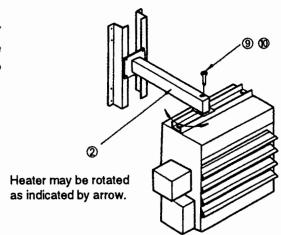
Bolt ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ to the heater using 3/8 UNC x 1 1/4 bolts and lock washers.

1) HL Series electric heaters use an ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ with an offset threaded hole. The ATTACHMENT ASSEMBLY ③ must be placed with the threaded hole closest tot he control box side of heater.



### STEP 4

Lift heater into place and fasten it to the ARM ASSEMBLY ② using a 5/8 UNC x 4 1/2 bolt. This step will require more than one person due to the weight of the heater. Refer to the heater installation manual for weight.



## HANGING MOUNTING KIT INSTRUCTION SHEET (HLHM)

WARNING:

DO NOT INSTALL IN BUILDINGS THAT ARE TO BE TRANSPORTED. INSTALL ONLY WHEN BUILDING HAS REACHED ITS FINAL DESTINATION.

REFER TO HEATER INSTALLATION MANUAL FOR MOUNTING SPECIFICATIONS AND CONDITIONS.

### INSTALLER REQUIRED TO SUPPLY THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:

- a) Method to fasten ANGLE HANGERS to supporting structure. The kit has provisions for four (4) 3/8" diameter grade 5 bolts. However, any method providing the same or better strength may be used
- b) Two (2) pieces 1/2" schedule 40 steel pipe or stronger cut to suit installation, and threaded at both ends.

Part Number				
51668-001	0	2	ANGLE HANGER	
51669-001	2	2	CONNECTOR HANGER	
43627-001	3	2	ADAPTER HANGER	
43807-001	<b>④</b>	2	1/2 UNC X1 1/4 Grade 5 Bolt	(Figure
43626-002	<b>⑤</b>	2	1/2 UNC Self-Locking Hex Nut	
43625-004	6	2	WASHER	

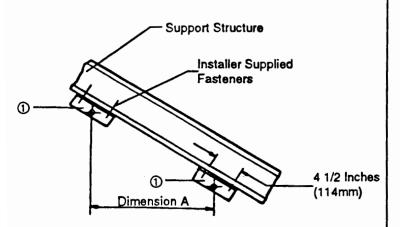
P.O. Box 4973, CRS Johnson City, TN 37602-4973

### INSTALLATION

NOTE: Dimensions are in inches (mm)

### STEP 1

Fasten ANGLE HANGERS ① to a surface or structure that will support the heaters weight.



DIM. A = Distance between mounting holes.

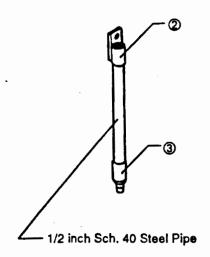
HLA 13 3/4 (34.9 cm)

HLA 17 3/4 (45.1 cm)

HLA 21 3/4 (55.2 cm)

### STEP 2

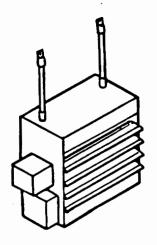
Screw one CONNECTOR HANGER ② and one ADAPTOR HANGER ③ onto each of the two steel pipes until tight (minimum of 5 turns each).



PIPE CUT LENGTH = Distance from Support Structure to TOP of heater LESS 4 7/8" (124mm)

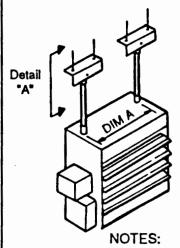
### STEP 3

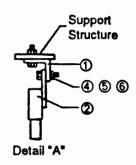
Screw HANGER ASSEMBLIES, from STEP 2, into 5/8 UNC threaded holes on top of heater cabinet, a minimum of 9 turns.



### STEP 4

Hang heater from ANGLE HANGERS ① using the two 1/2 UNC x 1 1/4 long bolts, and locking nuts.





Connector ② must be hung on the inside of Angle ① as shown. Rotate Connector to align with angle. Do not back off more than 3/4 turns.